

Preparing for your NEW LAWN

Ground Preparation:

Preparing your soil properly is a very important step in establishing a droughttolerant and healthy Lawn. Soil preparation can only be done once before laying your sod.

- Clear all weeds and debris from lawn area. (use a weed killer to properly kill all existing weeds in new lawn area).
- Rototill soil as deep as possible 6" to 8" deep.
- Add a 2-inch layer of soil amendments over the top of your soil such as ground fir bark, mulch and Gypsum. Then rototill it back into the soil as deep as you can (4 to 6 inches).
- Install irrigation system and be sure to soak all sprinkler pipe trenches to settle the soil in trench for proper leveling. Then check sprinklers for even water coverage on lawn areas THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT. This is what will keep your lawn alive.
- Re-level and grade entire area for low spots for your final grade. Be sure to leave your soil about 1 to 1 ½ inches below your driveway, sidewalk and headers.
- Use a lawn roller to roll the entire area to firm-up the soil. (be sure you fill roller about half full of water).
- Pre-soak soil several days prior and let drain before installation of new sod.



Install a good Sprinkler System:

- A good sprinkler system will ensure the survival and guarantee a good heathy Lawn.
- Your sprinkler system should have even head-to-head coverage.
- Your system should be well designed and thought out.
- A good landscaper or irrigation supply store is an excellent place to get your design and information from.

Pre-Plant Fertilizer:

Use a good pre-plant fertilizer or starter fertilizer which will be low in Nitrogen and high in Phosphorous and Potassium 4-10-10 or 6-20-20. Be sure to read the label for application rates. (Do not use more than recommended) This will help give your lawn a good heathy start.



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Sod Installation:

Sod is a perishable product and needs to be installed immediately at the time of delivery and Watered Immediately to ensure it will survive. All ground preparation and sprinkler system needs to be completed the day before delivery.

Guide to follow by:

- Start by laying sod in a straight line such as along a driveway or sidewalk.
- Unroll the first roll of sod on the longest edge keeping off the sod while you are installing it.
- Lay rolls out and stagger the seams in each row in a pattern as if you were laying bricks and rake out any footprints as you go.
- Make sure to butt edges of sod snugly against each other without overlapping them. Not only will seems be less noticeable this way but the edges will be less likely to dry out and die back.
- Try to avoid use of small pieces of sod along the edges as they will dry out much faster.
- Smooth out the rolls of sod as you are laying it by patting down the sod so it's flat against the soil underneath it, with no air pockets.
- When laying sod in Hot Weather, within 30 minutes of installing sod start watering small areas with a garden hose lightly every 30 minutes to avoid drying out until entire lawn area is installed.



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After completion of laying your sod

Lightly water entire sod area and then fill your sod roller <u>half-full of</u>
 water <u>and roll entire area</u>. This will ensure that sod has complete
 contact and no air-pockets with soil. This will ensure a good bounding
 between soil and sod for faster rooting.

Water, water: "DO NOT LET SOD DRY OUT"

- Start watering "immediately" after installation. (Soak lawn area making it "squishy wet" This is the only time you will water the sod making it "squishy wet."
- Newly planted sod for the first 10 to 14 days needs to be watered 3 to 4
 TIMES DAILY_during the Summer and 2 TIMES DAILY during the Winter
 months.
- **Set your Sprinklers** to start watering between hours of <u>5 am</u> to <u>6 pm</u> for 20 to 25 minutes per station.
- If water starts to pool on lawn area or starts to run off on sidewalk area during watering cut back your watering time another 5 minutes per station.
- **Shaded area** normally requires watering once a day. Even in hot weather, shaded area will require less water to establish.
- After 14 days rooting should be established and you can cut back watering to once a day (early morning only) for next 6 to 8 days.
- After 3 weeks, you can start to cut back on watering your lawn to every other day giving it a total of an inch of water per week, more in the Hot Summer approximately 1½ to 2 inches per week.



• Windy conditions can dry out new lawn as quickly as full sunlight and heat. Be sure to maintain moisture on newly-laid sod to prevent seams from drying out.

Mowing your new lawn:

- Mowing your new lawn generally 10 to 14 days after installation. This is very important for new lawn establishment.
- Do not cut more than 1/3 of the leaf blade in a single mowing. Maintain a regular mowing schedule. (Normally every 7 days)
- Set moving blade height to 2-2½ inches for normal height.
- Keep your mower blade sharp as a dull blade will tear grass leaves and damage the blades causing tips of grass to turn brown.
- Always mow when the grass is dry.

Now that your new Lawn is established you can check with your local Nursery for a good fertilizing program that is best suited for your area. (All areas will vary depending on your climate that you live in on the types of fertilizer you will need to use)